

# Classical Seminar

Questions and Concepts

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## 2.1.I Existing Religious Traditions

*How did religions provide a bond among people and an ethical code to live by?*

### Concepts

- *Ethical codes*
- *Diasporic communities*
- *Caste system*

### Examples

- Judaism
- Hebrew scriptures
- Assyrian deportation
- Multiple manifestations of Brahma

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## 2.1.II New Beliefs and Traditions

*Why did new belief systems and cultural traditions emerge and spread?*

### Concepts

- *Merchants*
- *Missionaries*
- *Educational institutions*
- *Diffusion*

### Examples

- Buddhism
- Confucianism
- Daoism
- Christianity

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### 2.1.III Effects on Gender Roles

How did monastic life in Christianity and Buddhism and filial piety in Confucianism affect gender roles in Classical societies?

#### Concepts

- *Gender roles*
- *Monasticism*
- *Filial piety*

#### Examples

Christianity  
Buddhism  
Confucianism

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### 2.1.IV Continuing Parallel to Codified

What other religious and cultural traditions continued alongside the codified traditions?

#### Concepts

- *Ancestor veneration*

#### Examples

Shang ritual  
Western Zhou  
Confucian filial piety

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### 2.1.V Artistic Expressions

How did religions provide a bond among people and an ethical code to live by?

#### Concepts

- *Literature*
- *Architecture*
- *Philosophy*

#### Examples

Greek plays  
Greek and Roman architecture  
Hellenistic sculpture

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## Comparative Practice

For each ...

1. List one similarity and one difference.
2. Provide three two examples for each item (6 total).

*What are the similarities and differences between the practices and teachings of Buddha and Jesus?*

*How are Confucianism and Daoism similar and different?*

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## 2.2.I Key States and Empires

Where were the key states and empires in the Classical Period?

- Southwest Asia: **Persian Empires**
- East Asia: Qin and Han Empire
- South Asia: Maurya and Gupta Empires
- Mediterranean region: Phoenicia and its colonies, Greek city-states and colonies, and Hellenistic and Roman Empires
- Mesoamerica: Teotihuacan, Maya city-states
- Andean South America: Moche

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## 2.2.II Imperial Organization (Political)

How did states develop new ways of governing the people and the land?

- Centralized governments
  - Legal systems
  - Bureaucracies
  - Diplomacy
  - Supply lines
  - Roads, walls, fortifications
  - Local military
  - Currency
- Examples**  
Persia  
Greece  
Rome  
Han

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## 2.2.III Economic and Social

How did social and economic dimensions develop in the Classical Period?

- Role of Cities
  - Social hierarchies
  - Labor management (production of food)
  - Rewards to elites
  - Patriarchy
- Examples**  
Persepolis  
Athens  
Rome  
Chang'an  
Corvee  
Slavery

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## 2.2.IV Transformation of Empires

*How did empires decline, collapse, and transform into successor empires or states?*

- *Environmental damage*
- *Concentration of wealth*
- *Frontier conflicts*

### **Examples**

Han, Rome, Gupta  
Deforestation  
Han and Xiongnu  
Gupta and Huns  
Romans and northern neighbors

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## Comparative Practice

For each ...

1. List one similarity and one difference.
2. Provide three two examples for each item (6 total).

*How were the decline of the Roman Empire and the Han Dynasty similar and different?*

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### 2.3.I Land and Water Routes

How did land and water routes become the basis of transregional trade, communication, and exchange networks?

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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● <i>exchange networks</i></li><li>● <i>location</i></li><li>● <i>climate</i></li></ul> | <b>Examples</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● <i>Eurasian Silk Roads</i></li><li>● <i>Trans-Saharan caravan routes</i></li><li>● <i>Indian Ocean sea lanes</i></li><li>● <i>Mediterranean sea lanes</i></li></ul> |
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### 2.3.II New Technology

What technologies facilitated longer distances for pack animals?

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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● <i>new technologies</i></li><li>● <i>domesticated pack animals</i></li><li>● <i>maritime technologies</i></li><li>● <i>knowledge of weather patterns</i></li></ul> | <b>Examples</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Yokes</li><li>Saddles</li><li>Stirrups</li><li>Horses, oxen, llamas, camels</li><li>Lateen sail</li><li>Dhow ship</li></ul> |
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### 2.3.III Alongside Trade Goods, ...

What else besides trade goods developed along far-flung networks of communication and exchange?

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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● <i>farming and irrigation techniques, spread of crops</i></li><li>● <i>spread of disease</i></li><li>● <i>diffusion and transformation of belief systems</i></li></ul> | <b>Examples</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Qanat system</li><li>Effects of disease on Rome and China</li><li>Transformation of Christianity, Hinduism, and Buddhism</li></ul> |
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FAIRNESS AND DEVELOPMENT

GLOBAL



CONTEXTS

What are the consequences  
of our common humanity?

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